

CBSE Class 12 Mathematics

Model Question Paper

(SET – 2)

Time: 3 Hours | Maximum Marks: 80

Section A (1×20 = 20 Marks) – MCQs

1. If $|A| = 3$ for a 3×3 matrix A , then $|3A| =$
(a) 9 (b) 27 (c) 81 (d) 3
2. If $f(x) = x^4$, then $f'(2) =$
(a) 8 (b) 16 (c) 32 (d) 4
3. The order of differential equation

$$\left(\frac{d^3y}{dx^3}\right)^2 + y = 0$$

is

- (a) 1 (b) 2 (c) 3 (d) 6

4. If vectors \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} are parallel, then
(a) $\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b} = 0$
(b) $\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b} = 0$
(c) $|\mathbf{a}| = |\mathbf{b}|$
(d) $\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} = 0$
5. $\int_0^1 x^2 dx =$
(a) $1/3$ (b) $1/2$ (c) 1 (d) 2
6. If $P(A) = 0.4$, $P(B) = 0.5$ and A, B independent, then $P(A \cap B) =$
(a) 0.9 (b) 0.2 (c) 0.1 (d) 0.5
7. Derivative of e^{2x} is
(a) e^{2x} (b) $2e^{2x}$ (c) $2xe^{2x}$ (d) e^x
8. If A is symmetric matrix, then
(a) $A^T = A$
(b) $A^T = -A$
(c) $|A| = 0$
(d) $A^{-1} = A$

9. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x^2} =$
(a) 1 (b) 1/2 (c) 0 (d) 2
10. Equation of plane passing through (0,0,0) and normal to vector (1,2,3) is
(a) $x+y+z=0$
(b) $x+2y+3z=0$
(c) $x=0$
(d) $y=0$
11. If $f(x)=\sin x$, then $f''(x)=$
(a) $-\sin x$
(b) $\cos x$
(c) $-\cos x$
(d) $\sin x$
12. The value of $\int \cos x dx$ is
(a) $-\sin x$
(b) $\sin x + C$
(c) $\cos x + C$
(d) $\tan x$
13. If A and B are mutually exclusive, then
(a) $P(A \cap B)=0$
(b) $P(A \cup B)=0$
(c) $P(A)=P(B)$
(d) None
14. The distance of point (2,3,4) from origin is
(a) $\sqrt{29}$
(b) $\sqrt{25}$
(c) $\sqrt{30}$
(d) 29
15. If X is binomial with $n=1$, then distribution is
(a) Poisson
(b) Bernoulli
(c) Normal
(d) Uniform
16. Determinant of identity matrix of order 3 is
(a) 3 (b) 1 (c) 0 (d) -1
17. If $dy/dx = 3x^2$, then $y =$
(a) $x^3 + C$
(b) $3x^3 + C$

(c) $x^2 + C$

(d) $9x + C$

18. If vectors $a=(1,0,0)$, $b=(0,1,0)$, then $|a \times b| =$

- (a) 0 (b) 1 (c) 2 (d) -1

19. $\int \frac{dx}{1+x^2} =$

(a) $\tan^{-1}x + C$

(b) $\ln x$

(c) x^2

(d) $\sec x$

20. The rank of zero matrix is

- (a) 0 (b) 1 (c) 2 (d) 3

Section B (2×6 = 12 Marks)

21. Find inverse of matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

22. Differentiate $y = e^x \sin x$

23. Find equation of normal to curve $y = x^3$ at $x=1$.

24. Evaluate $\int x\sqrt{x}dx$

25. Find unit vector in direction of vector $2i - 2j + k$.

26. A card is drawn from pack of 52 cards. Find probability of getting a queen.

Section C (3×8 = 24 Marks)

27. Using determinants, solve:

$$x + y = 4 \quad 2x - y = 1$$

28. Find dy/dx if $x^2 - xy + y^2 = 7$.

29. Evaluate $\int_0^1 (x + 1)^2 dx$

30. Show that vectors $(2,3,1)$, $(4,6,2)$ are parallel.

31. A die is thrown twice. Find probability of getting sum 9.

32. Solve differential equation:

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = x^2$$

33. Find area bounded by curve $y = x^2$ and x-axis from 0 to 1.

34. Find equation of sphere with centre (1,2,3) and radius 4.

Section D (4×6 = 24 Marks)

35. If

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 5 & 3 \\ 1 & 0 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$$

find $\text{adj}(A)$ and hence A^{-1} .

36. Verify Rolle's Theorem for $f(x)=x^3-3x^2+2$ on $[0,2]$.

37. Evaluate $\int x \ln x dx$

38. Find shortest distance between two skew lines:

$$\frac{x-1}{1} = \frac{y}{2} = \frac{z}{-1}$$

and

$$\frac{x}{2} = \frac{y-1}{-1} = \frac{z+1}{2}$$

39. Find mean of random variable:

X 1 2 3

P(X) 0.2 0.5 0.3

40. Solve differential equation:

$$\frac{dy}{dx} + y = e^x$$