

**CLASS 10 – SOCIAL SCIENCE**  
**MODEL QUESTION PAPER**  
**(SET- 6)**

**Time: 3 Hours | Maximum Marks: 80**

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**General Instructions:**

1. All questions are compulsory.
  2. Question paper consists of **Sections A to F**.
  3. Follow the prescribed word limit.
  4. Map work is compulsory.
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**Section A Multiple Choice Questions**

**20 × 1 = 20 Marks**

1. The idea of nation-state was strengthened in Europe after:
  - (a) Vienna Congress
  - (b) French Revolution
  - (c) Industrial Revolution
  - (d) World War II
2. The Khilafat Movement was organised to support:
  - (a) British rule
  - (b) Ottoman Caliph
  - (c) Indian princes
  - (d) French government
3. Which soil is ideal for groundnut cultivation?
  - (a) Black soil
  - (b) Laterite soil
  - (c) Desert soil
  - (d) Mountain soil

4. Which crop is mainly grown in dry regions of India?
  - (a) Rice
  - (b) Bajra
  - (c) Tea
  - (d) Jute
  
5. The right to vote in India is given to citizens above:
  - (a) 16 years
  - (b) 18 years
  - (c) 21 years
  - (d) 25 years
  
6. Sharing of power among legislature, executive and judiciary is called:
  - (a) Federalism
  - (b) Separation of powers
  - (c) Coalition
  - (d) Autocracy
  
7. Construction activity belongs to which sector?
  - (a) Primary
  - (b) Secondary
  - (c) Tertiary
  - (d) Public
  
8. Which organisation regulates the stock market in India?
  - (a) RBI
  - (b) SEBI
  - (c) NABARD
  - (d) SBI
  
9. Development is not only about income but also about:
  - (a) High population
  - (b) Quality of life
  - (c) Military strength
  - (d) Area size
  
10. Which of the following is a renewable source of energy?
  - (a) Petroleum
  - (b) Natural gas
  - (c) Solar energy
  - (d) Coal
  
11. The Quit India Movement was launched in:
  - (a) 1930

- (b) 1935
- (c) 1942
- (d) 1947

12. Which soil is rich in humus and found in northern plains?

- (a) Alluvial soil
- (b) Desert soil
- (c) Laterite soil
- (d) Black soil

13. The Constitution of India was adopted in:

- (a) 1947
- (b) 1948
- (c) 1949
- (d) 1950

14. Health services fall under which sector?

- (a) Primary
- (b) Secondary
- (c) Tertiary
- (d) Agricultural

15. Which mark is given to food products for quality assurance?

- (a) ISI
- (b) AGMARK
- (c) FPO
- (d) ISO

16. When workers are employed only for part of the year, it is called:

- (a) Seasonal unemployment
- (b) Disguised unemployment
- (c) Educated unemployment
- (d) Structural unemployment

17. Who was the first Chancellor of unified Germany?

- (a) Mazzini
- (b) Garibaldi
- (c) Bismarck
- (d) Napoleon

18. Which river is associated with the Deccan Plateau region?

- (a) Yamuna
- (b) Brahmaputra

- (c) Godavari
- (d) Sutlej

19. Panchayati Raj institutions were given constitutional status by:

- (a) 42nd Amendment
- (b) 44th Amendment
- (c) 73rd Amendment
- (d) 86th Amendment

20. Money serves as a store of value because it:

- (a) Is heavy
- (b) Is accepted legally
- (c) Retains purchasing power
- (d) Is metallic

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## Section B Very Short Answer

**4 × 2 = 8 Marks**

*(40 words limit)*

- 21. What is meant by satyagraha?
- 22. Mention any two characteristics of red soil.
- 23. What is a coalition government?
- 24. Define per capita income.

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## Section C Short Answer

**5 × 3 = 15 Marks**

*(60 words limit)*

- 25. Explain any three causes of the Quit India Movement.
- 26. Describe any three problems faced by Indian farmers.
- 27. Explain any three features of federalism in India.
- 28. How does globalisation affect local industries?
- 29. State any three ways consumers can seek redressal.

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## Section D Long Answer

### **4 × 5 = 20 Marks**

*(120 words limit)*

30. Describe the role of peasants and workers in the Indian freedom struggle.

**OR**

Explain the impact of French Revolution on Europe.

31. Explain the importance of mineral resources in India.

**OR**

Describe the classification of resources.

32. Explain the importance of political parties in a democracy.

**OR**

Explain how decentralisation strengthens democracy.

33. Explain the major causes of poverty in India.

**OR**

Explain the importance of sustainable development.

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### **Section E Case-Based Questions**

#### **3 × 4 = 12 Marks**

*(100 words limit)*

34. Case related to **Indian National Movement**

(a) Identify the movement mentioned.

(b) State one objective.

(c) Mention one impact.

35. Case related to **Soil and Agriculture**

(a) What is soil conservation?

(b) Mention one method.

(c) State one benefit.

36. Case related to **Economic Sectors**

(a) Identify the sector discussed.

(b) State one advantage.

(c) Mention one challenge.

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### **Section F Map-Based Question**

#### **5 Marks**

37. On the outline map of India:

(a) Locate and label one centre related to the Quit India Movement. (2)

(b) Locate and label any three major cotton-producing states. (3)

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