

CLASS X – SOCIAL SCIENCE

MODEL QUESTION PAPER – (SET-5)

Time: 3 Hours | Maximum Marks: 80

General Instructions:

1. All questions are compulsory.
 2. Question paper consists of **Sections A to F**.
 3. Follow the prescribed word limit.
 4. Map work is compulsory.
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Section A Multiple Choice Questions

20 × 1 = 20 Marks

1. Nationalism in India developed mainly as a result of:
 - (a) Industrialisation
 - (b) Colonial exploitation
 - (c) Social reform movements
 - (d) Spread of education
2. Which movement was launched after the Jallianwala Bagh incident?
 - (a) Civil Disobedience
 - (b) Non-Cooperation
 - (c) Quit India
 - (d) Khilafat
3. Which soil is most suitable for sugarcane cultivation?
 - (a) Red soil
 - (b) Alluvial soil
 - (c) Black soil
 - (d) Desert soil
4. Which crop is an example of a plantation crop?
 - (a) Rice

- (b) Wheat
 - (c) Tea
 - (d) Maize
5. Democracy ensures:
- (a) Rule by one party
 - (b) Equality before law
 - (c) Military control
 - (d) Hereditary power
6. Which institution resolves disputes between states in India?
- (a) Parliament
 - (b) Supreme Court
 - (c) President
 - (d) Election Commission
7. Fishing is related to which sector of the economy?
- (a) Primary
 - (b) Secondary
 - (c) Tertiary
 - (d) Public
8. Which source of credit charges the lowest rate of interest?
- (a) Moneylenders
 - (b) Traders
 - (c) Banks
 - (d) Employers
9. Development of a country is measured using:
- (a) Only income
 - (b) Only literacy
 - (c) Multiple indicators
 - (d) Population size
10. Which resource can be replenished naturally?
- (a) Coal
 - (b) Petroleum
 - (c) Forests
 - (d) Natural gas
11. The Civil Disobedience Movement was launched in:
- (a) 1927
 - (b) 1928

- (c) 1930
 - (d) 1932
12. Which soil is found in areas of high rainfall and temperature?
- (a) Black soil
 - (b) Laterite soil
 - (c) Alluvial soil
 - (d) Red soil
13. The idea of secularism means:
- (a) State religion
 - (b) No religion
 - (c) Equal respect to all religions
 - (d) Religious rule
14. Transport services belong to which sector?
- (a) Primary
 - (b) Secondary
 - (c) Tertiary
 - (d) Household
15. Which mark ensures agricultural product quality in India?
- (a) ISI
 - (b) FSSAI
 - (c) AGMARK
 - (d) ISO
16. When educated people fail to get jobs, it is called:
- (a) Seasonal unemployment
 - (b) Disguised unemployment
 - (c) Educated unemployment
 - (d) Structural unemployment
17. Who was known as the architect of German unification?
- (a) Garibaldi
 - (b) Mazzini
 - (c) Bismarck
 - (d) Metternich
18. Which river flows through the northern plains of India?
- (a) Narmada
 - (b) Tapi
 - (c) Ganga
 - (d) Godavari

19. Which level of government deals with village administration?

- (a) Central
- (b) State
- (c) Local
- (d) Judiciary

20. Money is important because it:

- (a) Has colour
- (b) Has fixed size
- (c) Facilitates exchange
- (d) Is metallic

Section B Very Short Answer

4 × 2 = 8 Marks

(40 words limit)

21. What is meant by nationalism in modern sense?

22. Name any two major food crops of India.

23. What is meant by a pressure group?

24. Define employment.

Section C Short Answer

5 × 3 = 15 Marks

(60 words limit)

25. Explain any three impacts of British rule on Indian economy.

26. Describe any three features of intensive farming.

27. Explain any three roles of citizens in a democracy.

28. How does investment in education help development?

29. State any three consumer responsibilities.

Section D Long Answer

4 × 5 = 20 Marks

(120 words limit)

30. Explain the role of Mahatma Gandhi in the Civil Disobedience Movement.

OR

Explain the process of unification of Germany.

31. Describe the importance of soil as a natural resource.

OR

Explain the distribution of major crops in India.

32. Explain how democracy promotes equality.

OR

Explain the need for decentralisation of power.

33. Explain the causes of unemployment in urban areas of India.

OR

Explain the importance of consumer organisations.

Section E Case-Based Questions

3 × 4 = 12 Marks

(100 words limit)

34. Case related to **Freedom Movement**

(a) Identify the movement.

(b) Mention one objective.

(c) State one result.

35. Case related to **Agriculture**

(a) What is subsistence farming?

(b) Mention one feature.

(c) State one problem.

36. Case related to **Economic Development**

(a) Identify the indicator discussed.

(b) State one limitation.

(c) Suggest one improvement.

Section F Map-Based Question

5 Marks

37. On the outline map of India:

(a) Locate and label one important centre of Indian National Movement. (2)

(b) Locate and label any three major rice-producing states. (3)
