

# CLASS X – SOCIAL SCIENCE

## ANSWER KEY

### (SET- 6)

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#### SECTION A – MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (1×20=20)

1. (b) French Revolution
2. (b) Ottoman Caliph
3. (a) Black soil
4. (b) Bajra
5. (b) 18 years
6. (b) Separation of powers
7. (b) Secondary
8. (b) SEBI
9. (b) Quality of life
10. (c) Solar energy
11. (c) 1942
12. (a) Alluvial soil
13. (c) 1949
14. (c) Tertiary
15. (c) FPO
16. (a) Seasonal unemployment
17. (c) Bismarck
18. (c) Godavari
19. (c) 73rd Amendment
20. (c) Retains purchasing power

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## **SECTION B – VERY SHORT ANSWERS (40 Words Limit)**

### **21. Satyagraha**

Satyagraha means insistence on truth. It is a method of non-violent resistance introduced by Mahatma Gandhi to fight injustice through peaceful means.

### **22. Characteristics of Red Soil (Any Two)**

- Rich in iron content.
- Porous and less fertile.
- Suitable for crops like millets and pulses.

### **23. Coalition Government**

A coalition government is formed when two or more political parties join together to form government due to lack of clear majority.

### **24. Per Capita Income**

Per capita income is the average income of a country calculated by dividing national income by total population.

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## **SECTION C – SHORT ANSWERS (60 Words Limit)**

### **25. Causes of Quit India Movement (Any Three)**

- Failure of Cripps Mission.
- British refusal to grant independence.
- Hardships during World War II.
- Demand for immediate independence.

### **26. Problems Faced by Indian Farmers**

- Dependence on monsoon.
- Small land holdings.
- Lack of irrigation facilities.
- Indebtedness.

### **27. Features of Federalism in India**

- Division of powers between Centre and States.
- Written Constitution.
- Independent judiciary.

### **28. Effect of Globalisation on Local Industries**

Globalisation increases competition from foreign companies. It improves quality but may harm small local producers.

### **29. Ways Consumers Can Seek Redressal**

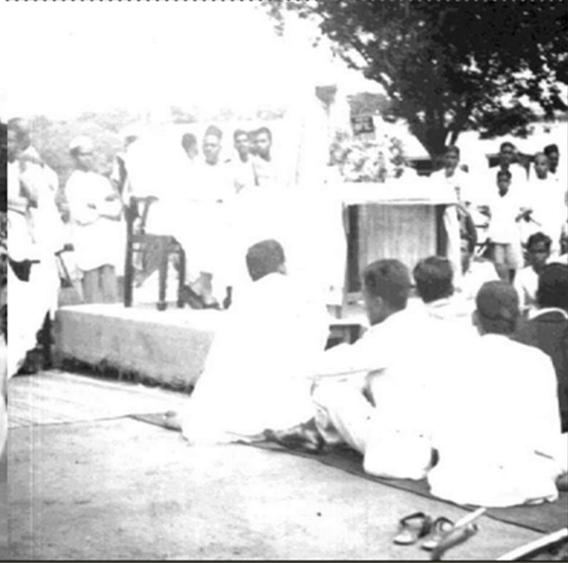
- File complaint in consumer court.
- Approach consumer organisations.
- Use online grievance portals.

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## **SECTION D – LONG ANSWERS (120 Words Limit)**

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### **30. Role of Peasants and Workers in Freedom Struggle**





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Peasants and workers played a vital role in India's freedom struggle. Peasants protested against high land revenue and unfair taxes. Workers organised strikes against British industrial policies. During movements like Non-Cooperation and Quit India, they actively participated in demonstrations and boycotts. Their contribution strengthened mass participation.

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### **31. Importance of Mineral Resources in India**

Minerals are essential for industrial development. Coal, iron ore and bauxite support manufacturing and power generation. They contribute to export earnings and employment. Proper conservation ensures sustainable use.

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### **32. Importance of Political Parties in Democracy**





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Political parties contest elections, form government and frame policies. They represent different interests and provide choices to voters. They ensure accountability and strengthen democratic governance.

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### **33. Major Causes of Poverty in India**

Causes include rapid population growth, unemployment, unequal distribution of income, low agricultural productivity and lack of education. Government welfare schemes aim to reduce poverty.

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## **SECTION E – CASE BASED QUESTIONS (100 Words)**

### **34. Indian National Movement**

- (a) Quit India Movement.
- (b) Objective – End British rule.
- (c) Impact – Strengthened mass resistance.

### **35. Soil and Agriculture**

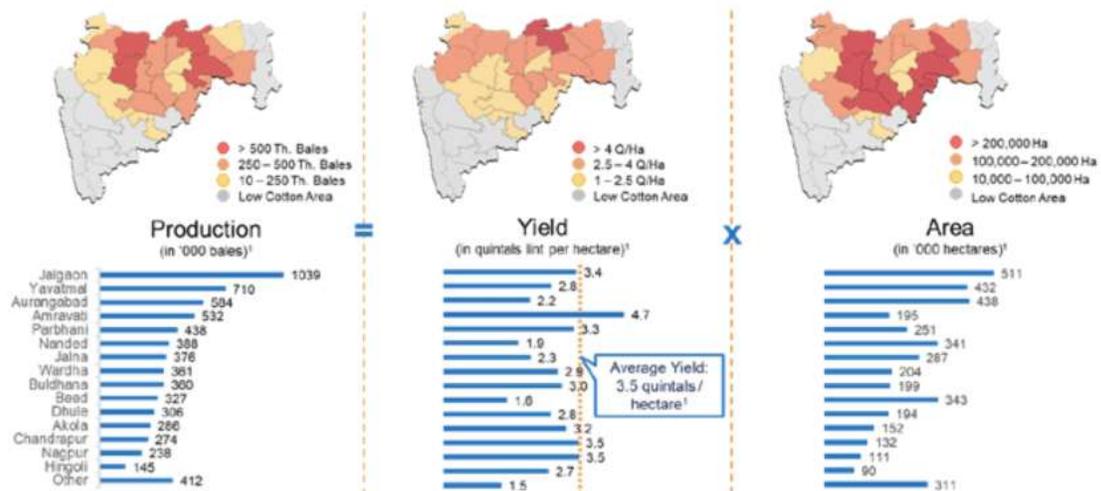
- (a) Soil conservation means protection of soil from erosion.
- (b) Method – Afforestation.
- (c) Benefit – Maintains soil fertility.

### **36. Economic Sectors**

- (a) Tertiary sector.
  - (b) Advantage – Provides services.
  - (c) Challenge – Job insecurity.
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## **SECTION F – MAP BASED QUESTION**





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### 37. Map Marking

(a) One centre of Quit India Movement:

- Mumbai (Maharashtra)

(b) Three major cotton-producing states:

- Maharashtra
- Gujarat
- Telangana

