

CBSE Class 12 Geography
Model Question Paper (SET – 9)

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 80

Section A – MCQs (1×20 = 20 Marks)

All questions are compulsory

1. Who introduced the concept of 'Heartland Theory'?
 - (a) Halford Mackinder
 - (b) Ratzel
 - (c) Vidal de la Blache
 - (d) Carl Sauer
2. Which of the following is a primary activity?
 - (a) Banking
 - (b) Insurance
 - (c) Mining
 - (d) Teaching
3. The density of population is calculated as:
 - (a) Birth rate – Death rate
 - (b) Population ÷ Area
 - (c) Total working population
 - (d) Literacy rate
4. Which state is a major producer of jute?
 - (a) Punjab
 - (b) Haryana
 - (c) West Bengal
 - (d) Gujarat
5. Which mineral is essential for cement manufacturing?
 - (a) Limestone
 - (b) Copper
 - (c) Gold
 - (d) Zinc
6. Which port is known for iron ore exports on the east coast?
 - (a) Paradip

- (b) Kochi
 - (c) Kandla
 - (d) Mumbai
7. The movement of people from one country to another is called:
- (a) Internal migration
 - (b) Rural migration
 - (c) International migration
 - (d) Seasonal migration
8. Which state has highest urbanisation in India?
- (a) Maharashtra
 - (b) Bihar
 - (c) Odisha
 - (d) Jharkhand
9. Which crop requires loamy soil and moderate rainfall?
- (a) Wheat
 - (b) Bajra
 - (c) Tea
 - (d) Rubber
10. The term 'Work Participation Rate' refers to:
- (a) Total population
 - (b) Percentage of working population
 - (c) Birth rate
 - (d) Death rate
11. Which city is famous for automobile industry?
- (a) Chennai
 - (b) Patna
 - (c) Shimla
 - (d) Ranchi
12. Which is a renewable source of energy?
- (a) Coal
 - (b) Petroleum
 - (c) Wind energy
 - (d) Natural gas
13. The longest National Highway in India is:
- (a) NH-44
 - (b) NH-2

- (c) NH-7
 - (d) NH-8
14. Which state is a major producer of manganese?
- (a) Odisha
 - (b) Punjab
 - (c) Haryana
 - (d) Rajasthan
15. Which is a major oil field in India?
- (a) Mumbai High
 - (b) Jaipur
 - (c) Bhopal
 - (d) Indore
16. Which crop is grown under plantation agriculture?
- (a) Rice
 - (b) Tea
 - (c) Wheat
 - (d) Bajra
17. Urban agglomeration refers to:
- (a) Single village
 - (b) Group of cities and towns
 - (c) Agricultural land
 - (d) Mining area
18. Which transport is most suitable for international trade?
- (a) Road
 - (b) Rail
 - (c) Water
 - (d) Pipeline
19. Which state is the largest producer of cotton?
- (a) Gujarat
 - (b) Kerala
 - (c) Bihar
 - (d) Assam
20. The Human Development Index measures:
- (a) Economic growth only
 - (b) Population growth only
 - (c) Overall human development
 - (d) Mineral production

Section B – Very Short Question (2×6 = 12 Marks)

21. Define literacy rate.
22. What is shifting cultivation?
23. Define mineral fuel.
24. What is industrial region?
25. Name two major ports on eastern coast of India.
26. What is sustainable development?

Section C – Short Question (3×8 = 24 Marks)

27. Explain factors affecting location of industries.
28. Describe types of population growth.
29. Explain importance of railways in India.
30. Write about problems of Indian agriculture.
31. Describe major iron ore producing regions of India.
32. Explain causes of urbanisation.
33. Describe classification of resources.
34. Explain importance of international trade.

Section D – Long Question (5×4 = 20 Marks)

35. Explain population distribution in India.
36. Describe major industrial regions of India.
37. Explain importance of tertiary activities.
38. Describe major coalfields of India.

Section E – Map Work (4 Marks)

39. On the outline map of India, locate and label:

- One major cotton producing state
- One major oil field
- One major port (West Coast)
- One major tea producing state