

# CBSE CLASS 12 GEOGRAPHY

## ANSWER SHEET

(SET – 6)

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### SECTION A – MCQs (20×1=20)

1. (a) Griffith Taylor
  2. (a) Primary activity
  3. (a) Kerala
  4. (b) Cotton
  5. (a) Bhilai
  6. (c) Chennai
  7. (b) Count population
  8. (d) Quinary
  9. (b) West Bengal
  10. (c) Suez Canal
  11. (a) Uttar Pradesh
  12. (c) Change in birth and death rates
  13. (a) Coal
  14. (a) Bengaluru
  15. (b) Heavy and bulky goods
  16. (b) Tea
  17. (a) Assam
  18. (c) Limestone
  19. (b) Continuous urban spread
  20. (d) Air
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## **SECTION B – Very Short Answer (2 Marks Each)**

### **21. Economic Activity**

Economic activity refers to activities undertaken by people to earn livelihood.

### **22. Migration Rate**

Migration rate is the number of migrants per thousand population in a given period.

### **23. Mineral Belt**

A mineral belt is a region where large deposits of minerals are found.

### **24. Rural-Urban Fringe**

Rural-urban fringe is the transitional area between rural and urban settlements.

### **25. Two Major Rice Producing States**

- West Bengal
- Punjab

### **26. Sustainable Agriculture**

Sustainable agriculture is farming that meets present food needs without harming future productivity.

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## **SECTION C – Short Answer (3 Marks Each)**

### **27. Factors Affecting Location of Iron & Steel Industry**

- Availability of iron ore
  - Availability of coal
  - Transport facilities
  - Water supply
  - Market
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### **28. Types of Migration**

- Internal migration
  - International migration
  - Rural–Urban migration
  - Seasonal migration
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### **29. Importance of Human Development**

- Improves quality of life
  - Increases productivity
  - Reduces poverty
  - Promotes equality
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### **30. Problems of Indian Transport System**

- Traffic congestion
  - Poor road conditions
  - Overcrowded railways
  - Pollution
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### **31. Cotton Textile Industry in India**

- Located in Maharashtra & Gujarat
  - Availability of black soil
  - Near ports
  - Large labour supply
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### **32. Causes of Water Pollution**

- Industrial waste
  - Sewage disposal
  - Agricultural chemicals
  - Urban waste
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### **33. Classification of Resources**

- Natural resources
  - Human resources
  - Renewable resources
  - Non-renewable resources
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### **34. Problems of Urbanisation**

- Slums
- Pollution

- Housing shortage
  - Unemployment
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## **SECTION D – Long Answer (5 Marks Each)**

### **35. Distribution of Population in India**

#### **Densely Populated Areas**

- Northern Plains
- Coastal regions

#### **Sparsely Populated Areas**

- Desert areas
- Himalayan region

#### **Factors**

- Fertile soil
  - Water availability
  - Climate
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### **36. Major Oil Refineries of India**

- Jamnagar
  - Mathura
  - Barauni
  - Digboi
  - Panipat
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### **37. Importance of International Trade in Development**

- Boosts economy
  - Earns foreign exchange
  - Encourages specialisation
  - Creates employment
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### **38. Plantation Agriculture and Its Features**

- Large estates
- Single crop cultivation

- Capital intensive
- Labour intensive
- Examples: Tea, Coffee, Rubber

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## SECTION E – MAP WORK (4 Marks)

Correct Locations:



**Labelling Guide:**

1. Major Oil Field → Mumbai High
2. Major Iron Ore Producing State → Odisha
3. Major Port (West Coast) → Mumbai
4. Major Tea Producing State → Assam