

CBSE CLASS 12
POLITICAL SCIENCE
MODEL QUESTION PAPER – (SET 1)

Time: 3 Hours | Maximum Marks: 80

SECTION A – MCQs (1×20=20 Marks)

Attempt all questions.

1. Which organization replaced GATT in 1995?
 - a) IMF
 - b) World Bank
 - c) WTO
 - d) UNO

2. The Cold War was mainly between:
 - a) USA and China
 - b) USA and USSR
 - c) India and Pakistan
 - d) Britain and Germany

3. NAM stands for:
 - a) National Alliance Movement
 - b) Non-Aligned Movement
 - c) Neutral Asian Movement
 - d) New Asian Market

4. The 1971 Indo-Soviet Treaty was signed for:
 - a) Trade
 - b) Peace and Friendship
 - c) Nuclear Testing
 - d) Border Agreement

5. ASEAN was formed in:
 - a) 1945
 - b) 1967

- c) 1975
 - d) 1989
6. Panchsheel Agreement was signed between:
- a) India-USA
 - b) India-China
 - c) India-USSR
 - d) India-Nepal
7. Who was the first Secretary General of the UN?
- a) Ban Ki Moon
 - b) Kofi Annan
 - c) Trygve Lie
 - d) Boutros Boutros-Ghali
8. Shock Therapy was adopted in:
- a) India
 - b) USSR
 - c) China
 - d) Pakistan
9. SAARC was established in:
- a) 1985
 - b) 1990
 - c) 1977
 - d) 2000
10. The Green Revolution was mainly related to:
- a) Industry
 - b) Education
 - c) Agriculture
 - d) Banking
11. Which country is not a permanent member of the UN Security Council?
- a) USA
 - b) Russia
 - c) India
 - d) China
12. LPG reforms in India were introduced in:
- a) 1980
 - b) 1991
 - c) 2000
 - d) 1975

13. Operation Blue Star was conducted in:
- a) 1984
 - b) 1975
 - c) 1991
 - d) 1962
14. The Berlin Wall fell in:
- a) 1989
 - b) 1991
 - c) 1979
 - d) 2001
15. The European Union was formed in:
- a) 1993
 - b) 1980
 - c) 1970
 - d) 2005
16. The concept of 'Deterrence' is related to:
- a) Trade
 - b) Nuclear weapons
 - c) Agriculture
 - d) Environment
17. Which movement demanded a separate state of Uttarakhand?
- a) Dravid Movement
 - b) Jharkhand Movement
 - c) Uttaranchal Movement
 - d) Narmada Movement
18. India conducted its first nuclear test in:
- a) 1964
 - b) 1974
 - c) 1998
 - d) 2001
19. Globalisation increases:
- a) Isolation
 - b) Trade barriers
 - c) Interdependence
 - d) Military rule
20. The headquarters of SAARC is located in:
- a) Islamabad

- b) New Delhi
 - c) Kathmandu
 - d) Colombo
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SECTION B – Very Short Question(2×4=8 Marks)

- 21. Define Cold War.
 - 22. What is Shock Therapy?
 - 23. Mention any two objectives of NAM.
 - 24. What is Globalisation?
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SECTION C – Short Question (4×5=20 Marks)

- 25. Explain any four consequences of the disintegration of USSR.
 - 26. Describe India's relations with China.
 - 27. Explain the role of regional parties in Indian politics.
 - 28. Discuss any four features of European Union.
 - 29. Explain the meaning of sustainable development.
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SECTION D – Long Question (6×4=24 Marks)

- 30. Explain the causes and consequences of the Cold War.
 - 31. Discuss India's Nuclear Policy.
 - 32. Explain the challenges to democracy in India.
 - 33. Describe the impact of globalisation on Indian economy.
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SECTION E – Case Based Questions (4×2=8 Marks)

- 34. Read the passage and answer the questions:

"After 1991, India adopted LPG reforms to improve its economy and integrate with global markets."

- a) What does LPG stand for?
- b) Mention one impact of LPG reforms.