

CBSE Class 12 History

Model Question Paper (SET – 4)

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 80

Section A – MCQs (1×20 = 20 Marks)

All questions are compulsory

1. The Dockyard of the Harappan Civilization was found at:
 - (a) Harappa
 - (b) Mohenjodaro
 - (c) Lothal
 - (d) Dholavira

2. The Later Vedic society was mainly:
 - (a) Pastoral
 - (b) Agricultural
 - (c) Urban
 - (d) Industrial

3. The capital of the Gupta Empire was:
 - (a) Pataliputra
 - (b) Ujjain
 - (c) Kannauj
 - (d) Taxila

4. Ashoka embraced Buddhism after:
 - (a) Battle of Panipat
 - (b) Battle of Plassey
 - (c) Kalinga War
 - (d) Buxar

5. The temple of Konark was built by:
 - (a) Rajaraja I
 - (b) Narasimhadeva I
 - (c) Krishnadevaraya
 - (d) Harsha

6. The Mansabdari system was introduced by:
 - (a) Babur
 - (b) Akbar
 - (c) Shah Jahan
 - (d) Aurangzeb

7. The Battle of Haldighati was fought between:
 - (a) Akbar & Rana Pratap
 - (b) Babur & Ibrahim Lodi
 - (c) Aurangzeb & Shivaji
 - (d) Humayun & Sher Shah

8. The Mahalwari system was introduced in:
 - (a) Bengal
 - (b) Madras
 - (c) North-Western Provinces
 - (d) Punjab

9. The Vernacular Press Act was passed in:
 - (a) 1878
 - (b) 1857
 - (c) 1905
 - (d) 1919

10. The Home Rule Movement was started by:
 - (a) Tilak & Annie Besant
 - (b) Gandhi
 - (c) Nehru
 - (d) Bose

11. The Government of India Act, 1935 introduced:
 - (a) Federal system
 - (b) Complete independence
 - (c) Partition
 - (d) Separate nation

12. The Rowlatt Satyagraha was organised by:
 - (a) Gandhi
 - (b) Nehru
 - (c) Jinnah
 - (d) Bose

13. The Lucknow Pact was signed in:
 - (a) 1916

- (b) 1919
- (c) 1930
- (d) 1942

14. The Harappan houses were built mainly of:

- (a) Wood
- (b) Mud
- (c) Burnt bricks
- (d) Stone

15. The Sanchi Stupa was built by:

- (a) Ashoka
- (b) Harsha
- (c) Samudragupta
- (d) Akbar

16. The Simon Commission was boycotted because:

- (a) No Indian member
- (b) High taxes
- (c) Partition
- (d) Military rule

17. The Direct Action Day was announced by:

- (a) INC
- (b) Muslim League
- (c) British
- (d) Gandhi

18. The Champaran Satyagraha was related to:

- (a) Indigo farmers
- (b) Salt tax
- (c) Partition
- (d) Labour strike

19. The Indian Constitution was drafted under the chairmanship of:

- (a) Rajendra Prasad
- (b) Jawaharlal Nehru
- (c) B.R. Ambedkar
- (d) Patel

20. The Indus Valley Civilization flourished around:

- (a) 3000–1500 BCE
- (b) 2600–1900 BCE

(c) 1500–1000 BCE

(d) 1000–500 BCE

Section B – Very Short Answer (2×6 = 12 Marks)

21. What is Numismatics?
 22. Who was Kabir?
 23. Define Subsidiary Alliance.
 24. What was the Ilbert Bill?
 25. Name two leaders of Civil Disobedience Movement.
 26. What is Federalism?
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Section C – Short Answer (3×8 = 24 Marks)

27. Explain main features of Harappan drainage system.
 28. Describe Mauryan administration.
 29. Explain Mughal revenue system.
 30. Write causes of Non-Cooperation Movement.
 31. Describe impact of British education.
 32. Explain role of women in freedom struggle.
 33. Write features of Bhakti and Sufi movements.
 34. Explain causes of Partition of India.
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Section D – Long Answer (5×4 = 20 Marks)

35. Describe economic life of Harappan Civilization.
 36. Explain causes and consequences of Revolt of 1857.
 37. Discuss Quit India Movement.
 38. Explain making of Indian Constitution.
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Section E – Map Work (4 Marks)

39. On the outline map of India, locate and label:

- Lothal
- Amritsar
- Bombay (Quit India centre)
- Delhi