

# CBSE Class 12 History

## Model Question Paper (SET – 3)

**Time: 3 Hours**

**Maximum Marks: 80**

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### **Section A – MCQs (1×20 = 20 Marks)**

**All questions are compulsory**

1. The Great Granary was found at:
  - (a) Lothal
  - (b) Harappa
  - (c) Kalibangan
  - (d) Banawali
  
2. The Upanishads are related to:
  - (a) Rituals
  - (b) Philosophy
  - (c) Trade
  - (d) Administration
  
3. The famous Kalinga War was fought by:
  - (a) Chandragupta Maurya
  - (b) Ashoka
  - (c) Samudragupta
  - (d) Harsha
  
4. Fa-Hien visited India during the reign of:
  - (a) Chandragupta II
  - (b) Ashoka
  - (c) Harsha
  - (d) Akbar
  
5. The Brihadeshwara Temple is located at:
  - (a) Madurai
  - (b) Thanjavur
  - (c) Kanchipuram
  - (d) Mysore
  
6. The Mughal administrative system was mainly centralised under:
  - (a) Babur
  - (b) Akbar

- (c) Humayun
  - (d) Shah Jahan
7. The Battle of Panipat (First) was fought in:
- (a) 1526
  - (b) 1556
  - (c) 1761
  - (d) 1757
8. The Ryotwari system was introduced by:
- (a) Thomas Munro
  - (b) Cornwallis
  - (c) Wellesley
  - (d) Dalhousie
9. The Revolt of 1857 was suppressed in:
- (a) 1856
  - (b) 1857
  - (c) 1858
  - (d) 1859
10. The Indian National Congress was founded in:
- (a) 1885
  - (b) 1905
  - (c) 1919
  - (d) 1920
11. The Salt Satyagraha began in:
- (a) 1928
  - (b) 1930
  - (c) 1932
  - (d) 1942
12. The Lahore Session of INC (1929) demanded:
- (a) Dominion Status
  - (b) Complete Independence
  - (c) Reforms
  - (d) Separate electorates
13. The Cripps Mission came to India in:
- (a) 1930
  - (b) 1942
  - (c) 1946
  - (d) 1935

14. The Harappans used which metal widely?
- (a) Iron
  - (b) Bronze
  - (c) Gold
  - (d) Silver
15. The famous traveler Marco Polo visited during the rule of:
- (a) Cholas
  - (b) Mughals
  - (c) Mauryas
  - (d) Guptas
16. The Quit India Movement resolution was passed at:
- (a) Lahore
  - (b) Bombay
  - (c) Delhi
  - (d) Kolkata
17. The Mountbatten Plan was announced in:
- (a) June 1947
  - (b) August 1947
  - (c) January 1946
  - (d) March 1942
18. The Indus Valley seals mainly depict:
- (a) Kings
  - (b) Animals
  - (c) Gods
  - (d) Weapons
19. Who among the following was known as Frontier Gandhi?
- (a) Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan
  - (b) Maulana Azad
  - (c) Nehru
  - (d) Patel
20. The Constitution of India came into force on:
- (a) 15 August 1947
  - (b) 26 January 1950
  - (c) 26 November 1949
  - (d) 24 January 1950

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**Section B – Very Short Answer (2×6 = 12 Marks)**

21. What is Epigraphy?
  22. Who was Mahavira?
  23. Define Zamindari system.
  24. What was the Ilbert Bill controversy?
  25. Name two revolutionary leaders.
  26. What is Secularism?
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### **Section C – Short Answer (3×8 = 24 Marks)**

27. Explain social structure of Harappan society.
  28. Describe Gupta administration.
  29. Explain features of Mughal architecture.
  30. Write causes of Civil Disobedience Movement.
  31. Describe Permanent Settlement.
  32. Explain role of Subhash Chandra Bose.
  33. Write features of Vedic religion.
  34. Describe challenges of Partition.
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### **Section D – Long Answer (5×4 = 20 Marks)**

35. Describe political and economic life of Vedic period.
  36. Explain causes and impact of Revolt of 1857.
  37. Discuss Non-Cooperation and Civil Disobedience Movements.
  38. Explain framing of Indian Constitution.
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### **Section E – Map Work (4 Marks)**

39. On the outline map of India, locate and label:
  - Kalibangan
  - Dandi

- Lahore
- Champaran